

# Autonomous Underwater Vehicles

*New Autonomous Underwater Vehicle technology development at WHOI to support the growing needs of scientific, commercial and military undersea search and survey operations*



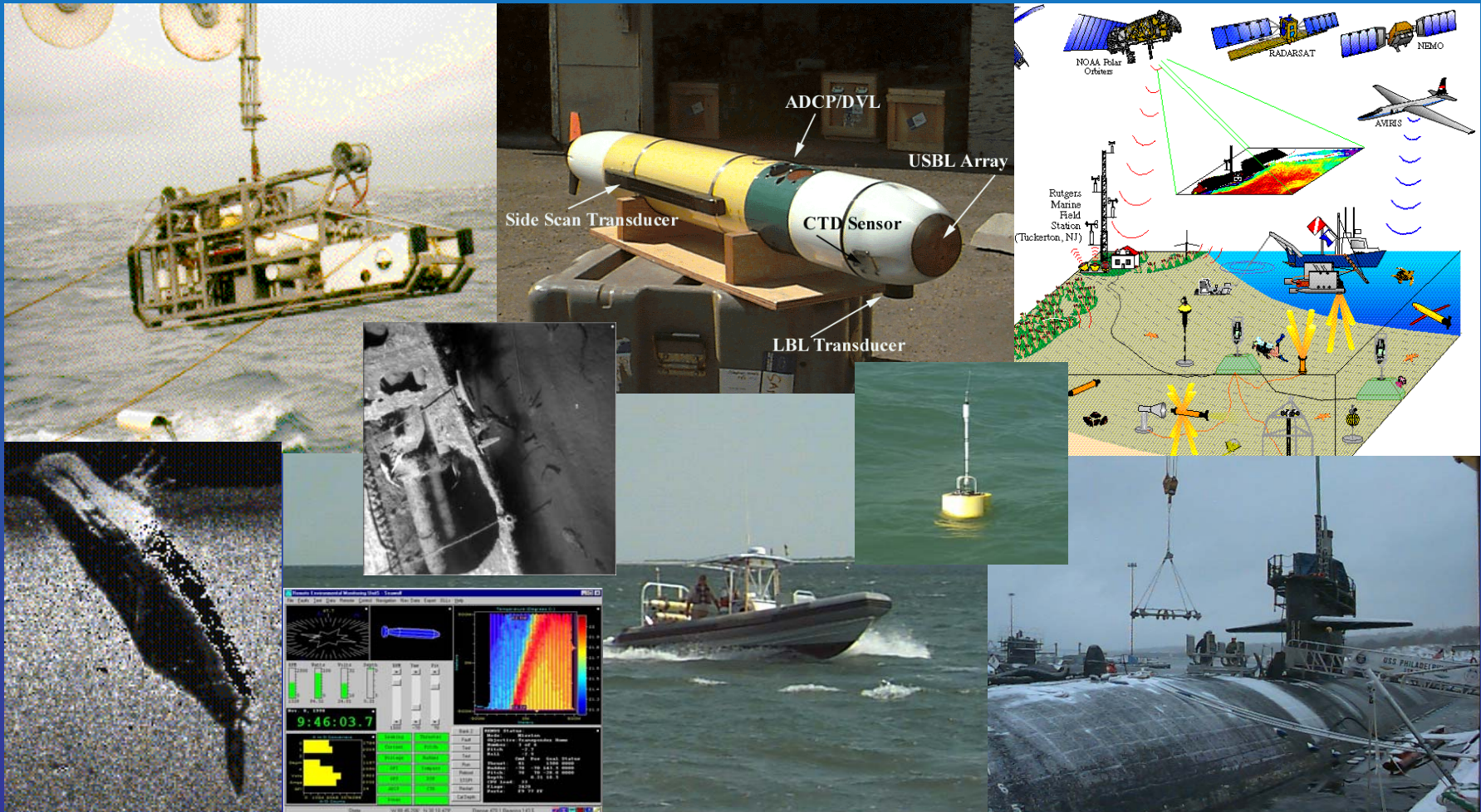
**Tom Austin**

**Sr. Engineer**

**Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution**



# Oceanographic Systems Laboratory



# REMUS-100



- **Small, portable, low cost AUV capable of performing extended missions accurately and efficiently.**
- **>100 km maximum range with re-chargable batteries**
- **Self-navigating**
- **Numerous Sensors:**

Side Scan Sonar, conductivity, temperature, bathymetry, optics, water currents, bioluminescence, plankton camera, flourometer, radiometer, electronic still camera, video camera.....

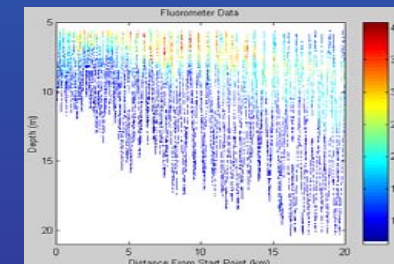
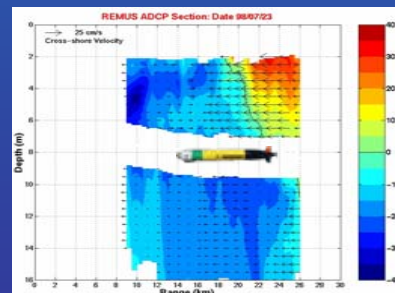
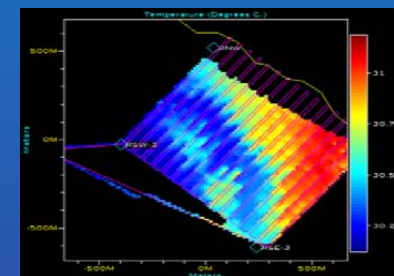
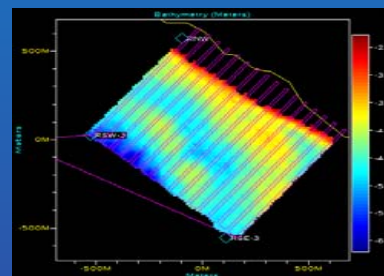
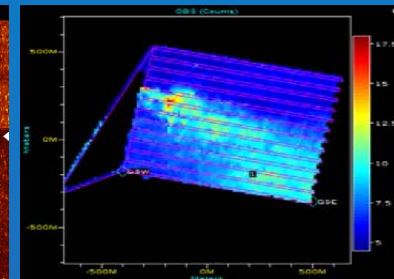
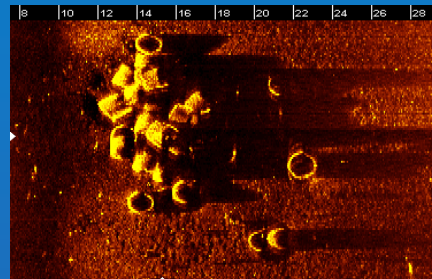


- Coastal Oceanographic Surveys
- Very Shallow Water Mine Counter Measures (VSW-MCM)
- Pollution detection and monitoring
- Pipeline Inspection
- Undersea Search and Survey
- Homeland Security
- BIOMASS Survey



**REMUS**  
**AUTONOMOUS VEHICLE SYSTEM**

- **Sensor Data** is available immediately upon recovery of the vehicle.
- Combining the sensor data with the navigation data provides instant two and three dimensional visualization of the environmental parameters measured by the vehicle.





- REMUS
- Transponders
- Floats & Anchors
- REMUS Ranger
- GPS receiver
- Ruggedized laptop computer
- CD-ROM writer, blank CDs
- Power/Data Interface
- Cables
- Spares/Maintenance Kit
- Vehicle Stand

# REMUS-100 Baseline Configuration



**80 pound vehicle with 18 hour mission duration at 3 knots**  
**Shipped via commercial overnight carrier**

- **Survey capabilities**

- Both Search Classify and Map and Reacquire and Identify capabilities
  - Adaptive (proactive) path planning – following a plume to its source
  - Multiple Vehicle Operations: Up to four vehicles simultaneously in an area

- **Navigation**

- Acoustic LBL and USBL navigation
  - Optional ring-laser-gyro / Doppler DVL inertial navigation
  - WAAS GPS

- **Acoustic / Satellite Communication**

- Mission redirection during deployment
  - Survey data upload – environmental data, sonar snippets (future)
  - Upload of vehicle status to hand held unit in boat

- **Payload Modules**

- Docking, video imaging, forward look sonar, side scan sonar, profiling sonar, CTD, Bioluminescence, fluorometer, radiometers, video plankton recorder, micro-structure turbulence ....



- **Long Baseline Transponder Navigation**

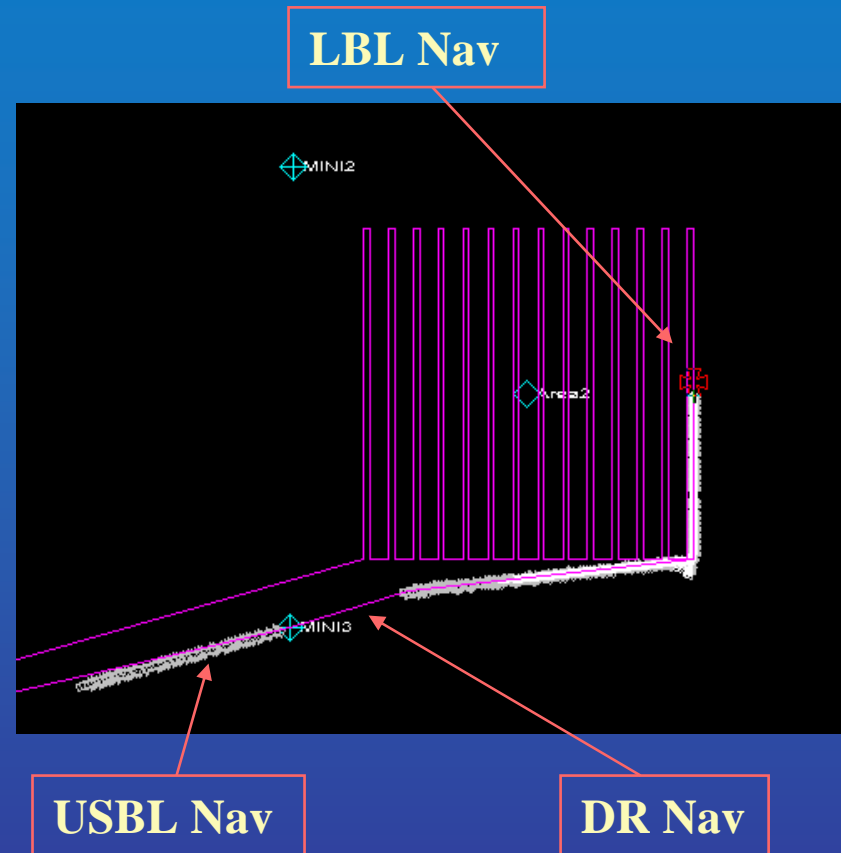
Used most often for survey work.  
Needs at least two transponders.

- **Ultra-Short Baseline Transponder Nav.**

Used for homing, docking, and recovery. Only one transponder is required. Fix is based on range, bearing, and heading.

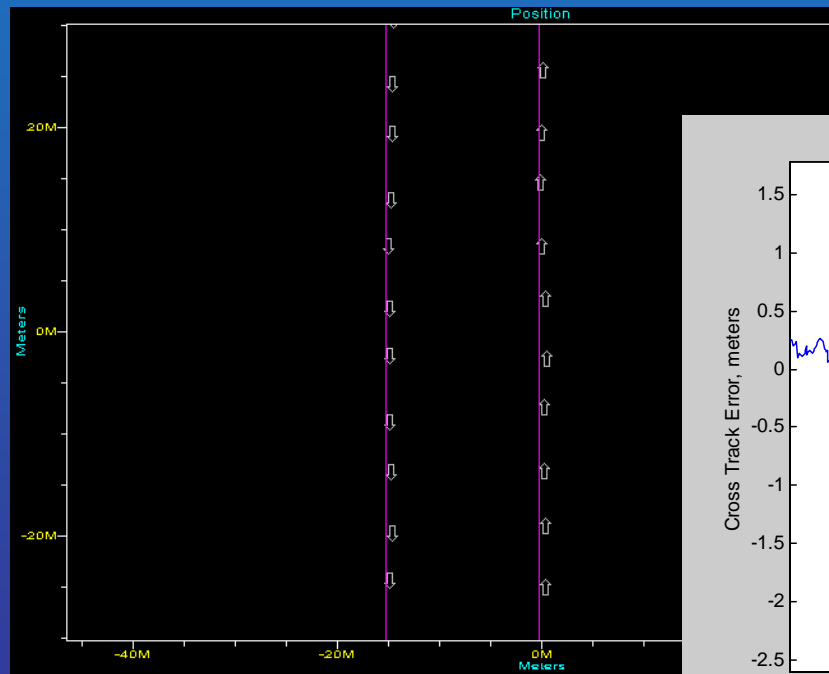
- **Dead Reckoned Navigation**

Used to estimate position between acoustic fixes, or when transponders are not available. Based on lateral and axial velocities from ADCP, combined with heading from compass/rate gyro. Inertial navigator extends dead reckoned accuracy to approximately 5 meters per hour of error.

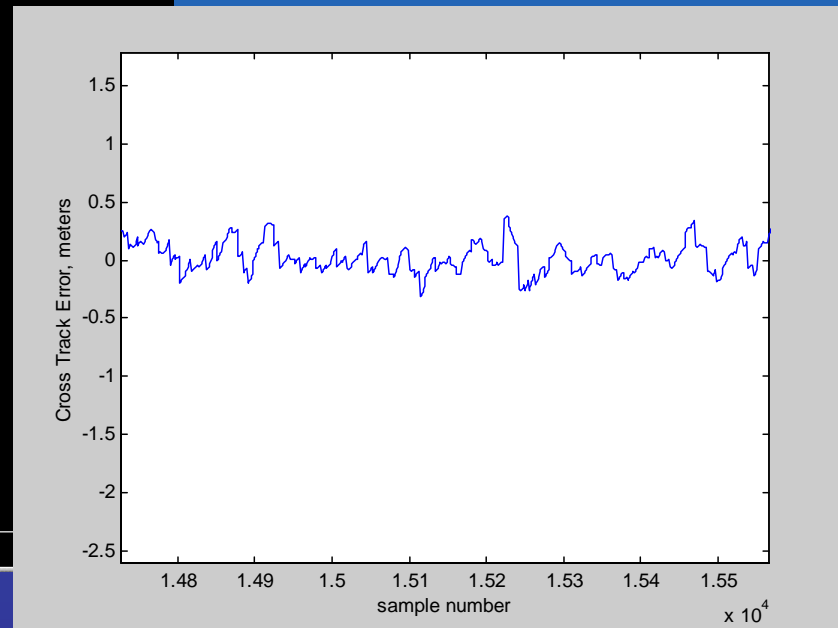




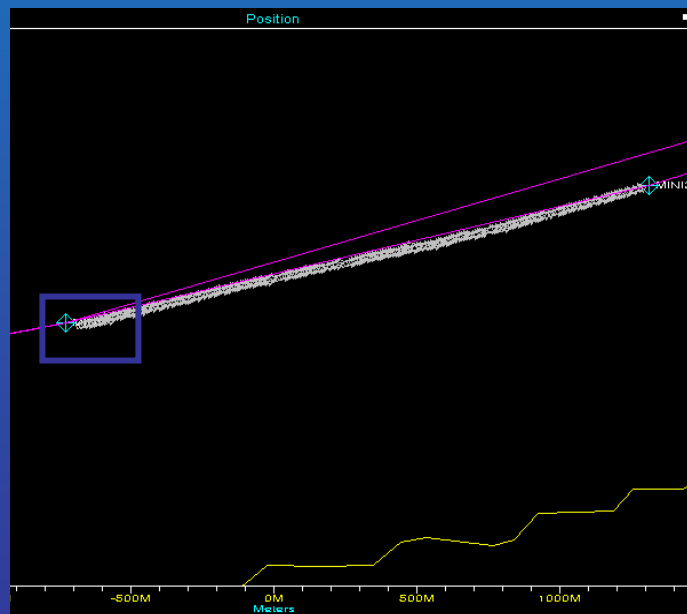
- Track-line following to well within 1 meter,
- Reliable Ranging to 2000 meters or more.



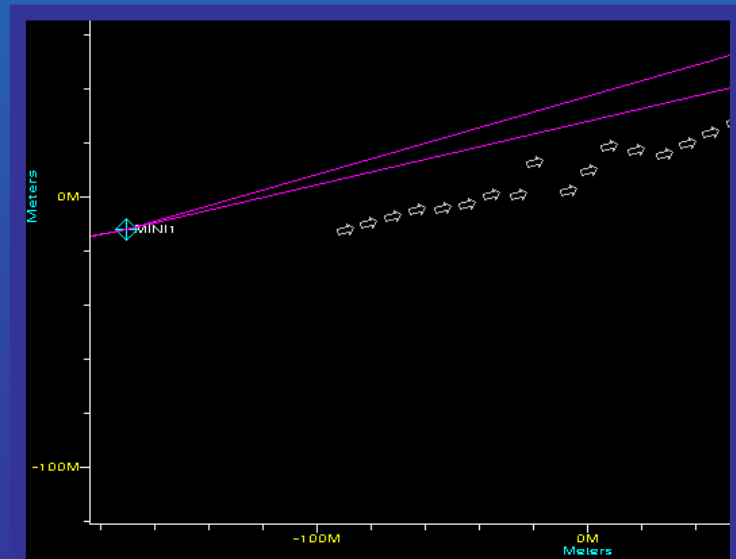
Unfiltered Position Data



- Angular Resolution better than  $\pm .5$  degrees including heading errors,
- Accuracy limited by compass error, typically 1 -3 degrees.
- Reliable acquisition and tracking to 2000 meters.

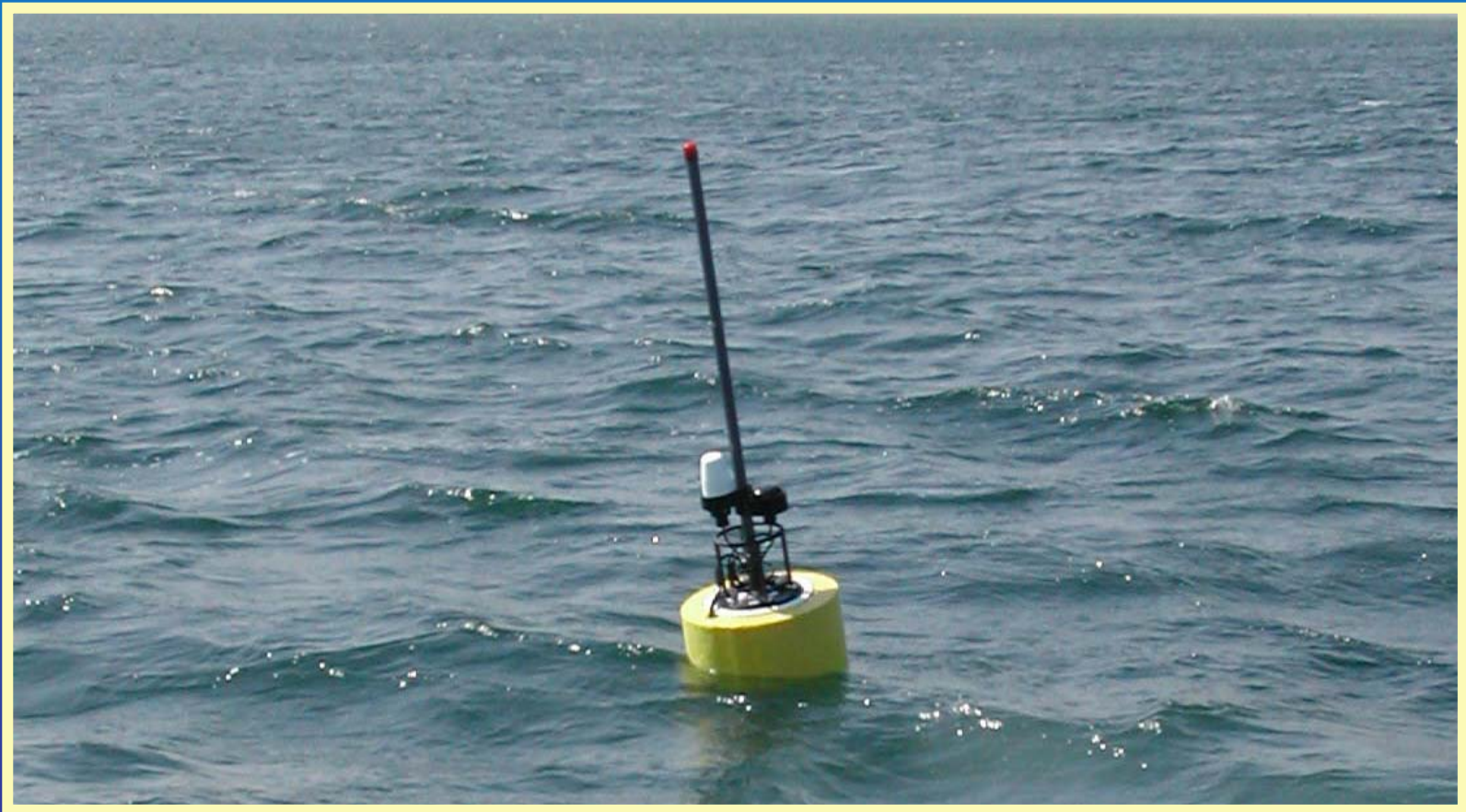


Worst case error at longest range



# Gateway Buoy

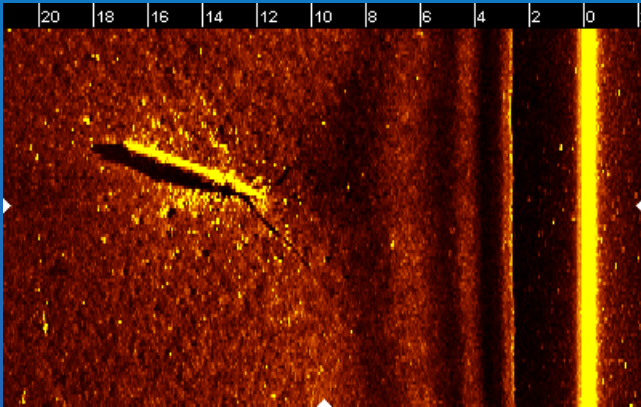
Allows for remote monitoring, tracking and control.



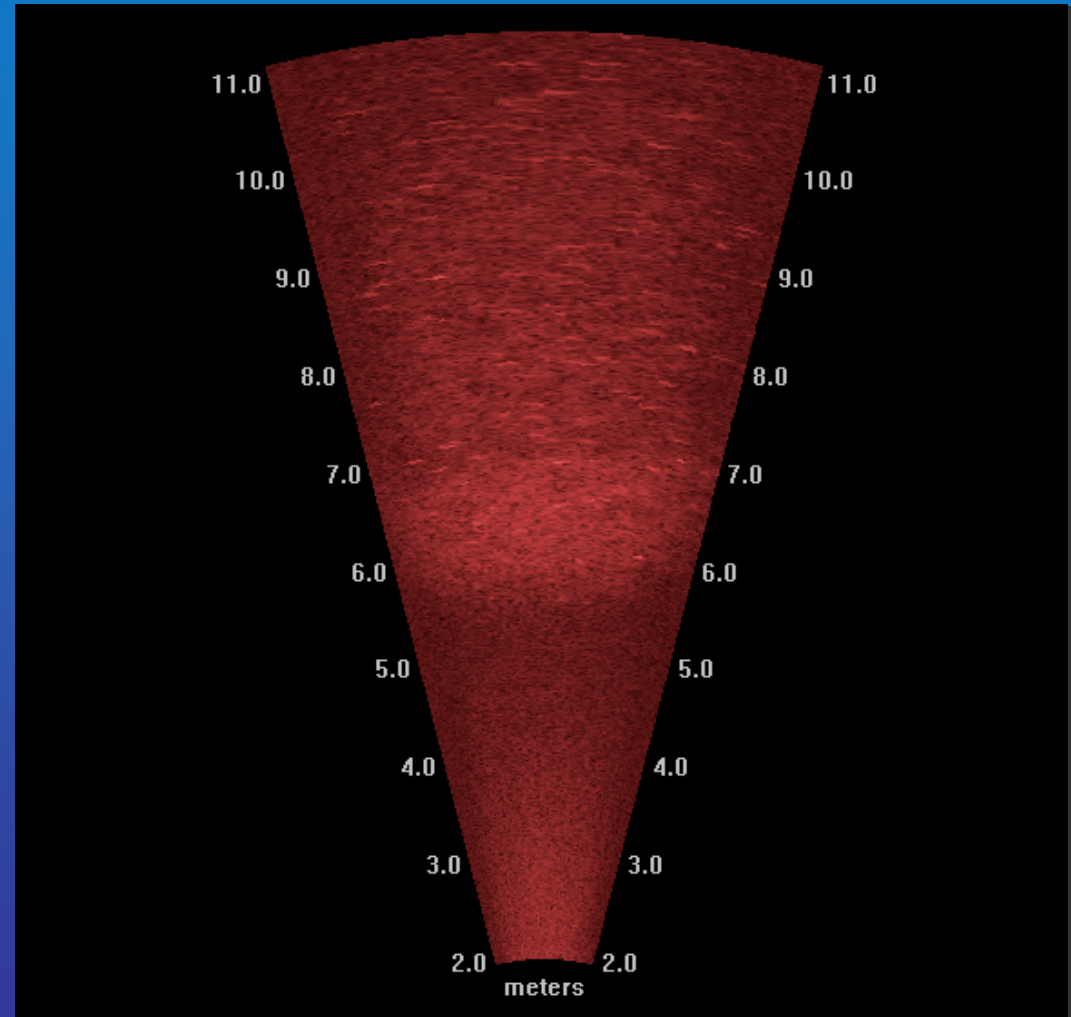
Courtesy Hydroid, Inc.



# AUV Fest 2003 found old test torpedo



- Unknown torpedo detected with sidescan
- Reacquired and imaged with DIDSON vehicle





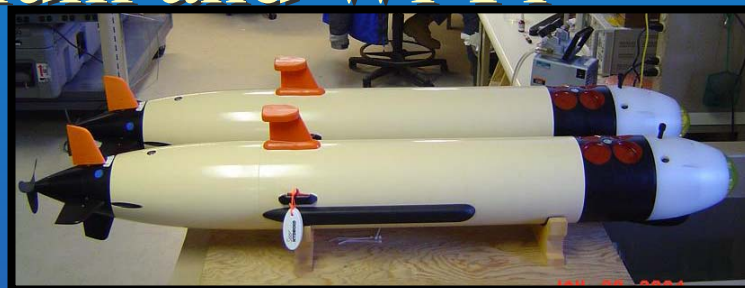
**HYDROID**



# New Antennas

## GPS, GPS/Iridium and Wi-Fi

- Rugged, compliant design
- Allows for over-the-horizon deployments
- Eliminates the need for transponders in some missions.
- Wi-fi greatly improves operational convenience



# New: Inertial Navigation and phased array ADCP

- Kearfott RLG, Integrated with RDI ADCP
- Typically provides errors less than 4 m/hr.
- Allows for extended periods of navigation without acoustic or GPS fix.
- Phased Array ADCP reduces length and adds 600 kHz for higher altitude bottom lock.



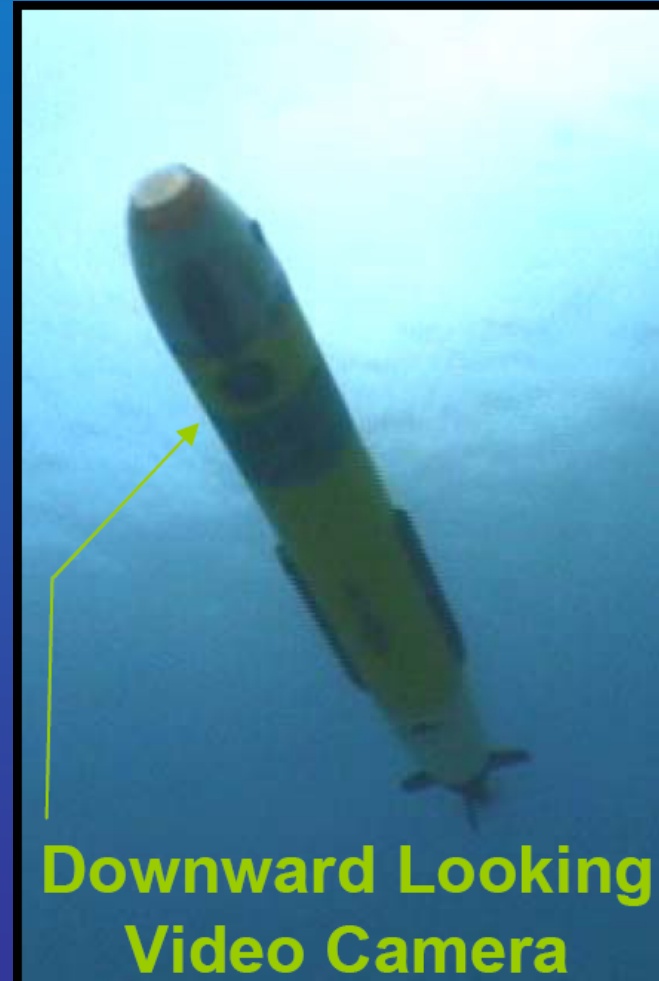




**HYDROID**

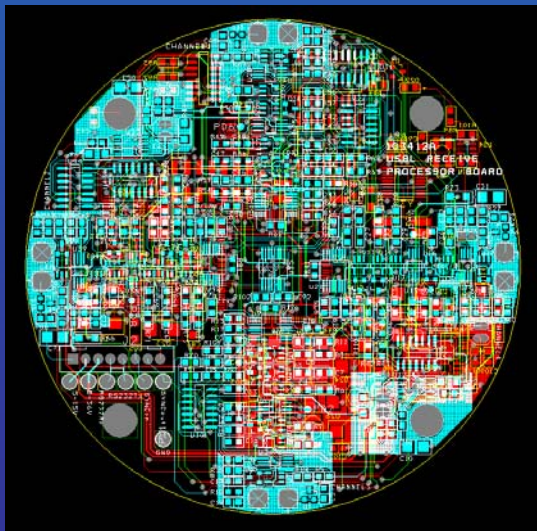
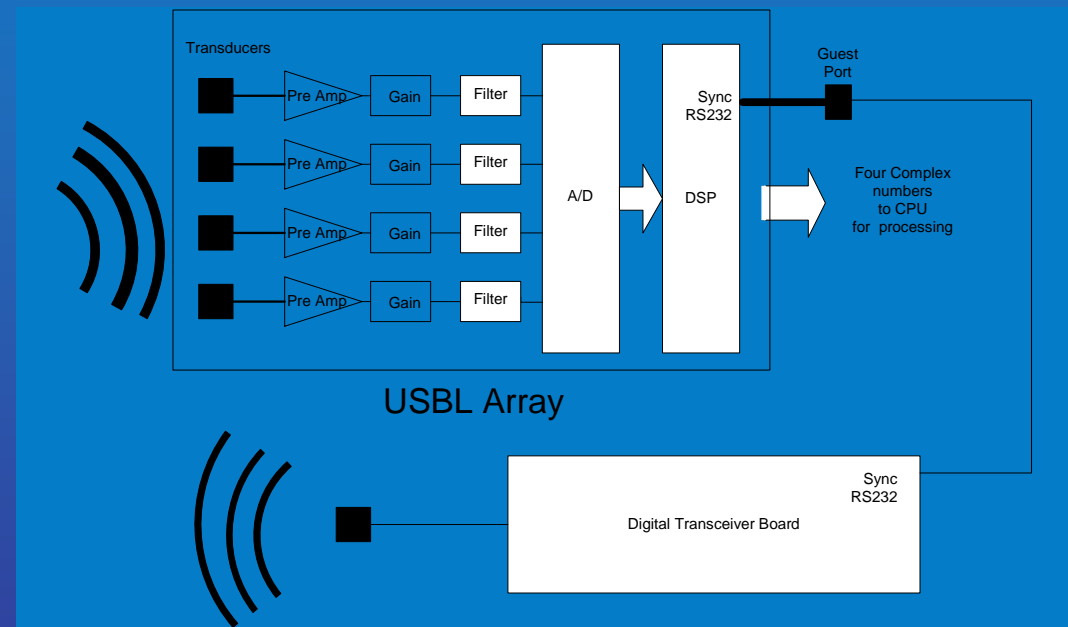
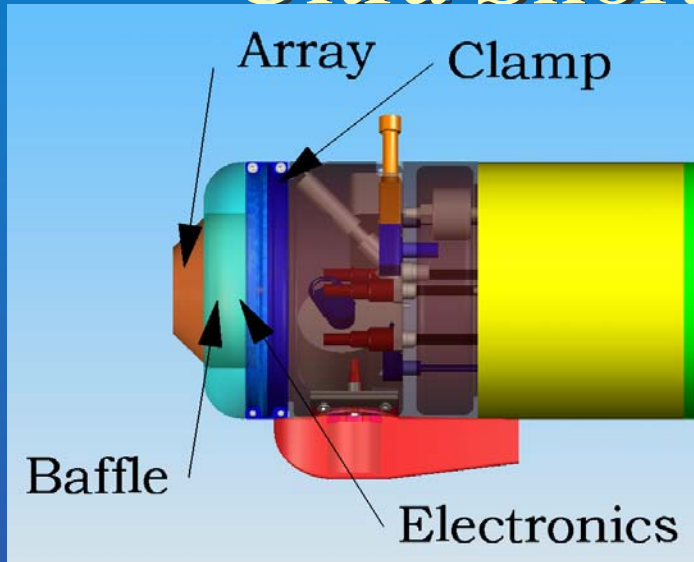


# New: Video Camera



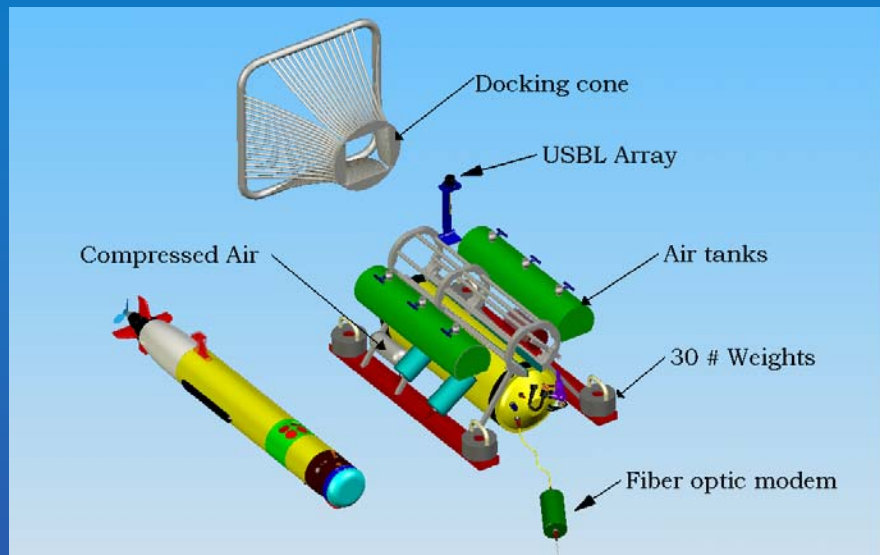
Courtesy: Rich Arietta, SPAWAR

# Ultra Short Base Line Docking Module



Array Electronics

Array block diagram



## Objectives

- To transition a field deployable self-powered autonomous docking systems for the REMUS/SAHRV vehicle that will support long term reconnaissance operations in littoral waters
- To develop a periscope camera that will support harbor penetration missions

## Principal Investigators

Christopher von Alt

Thomas Austin

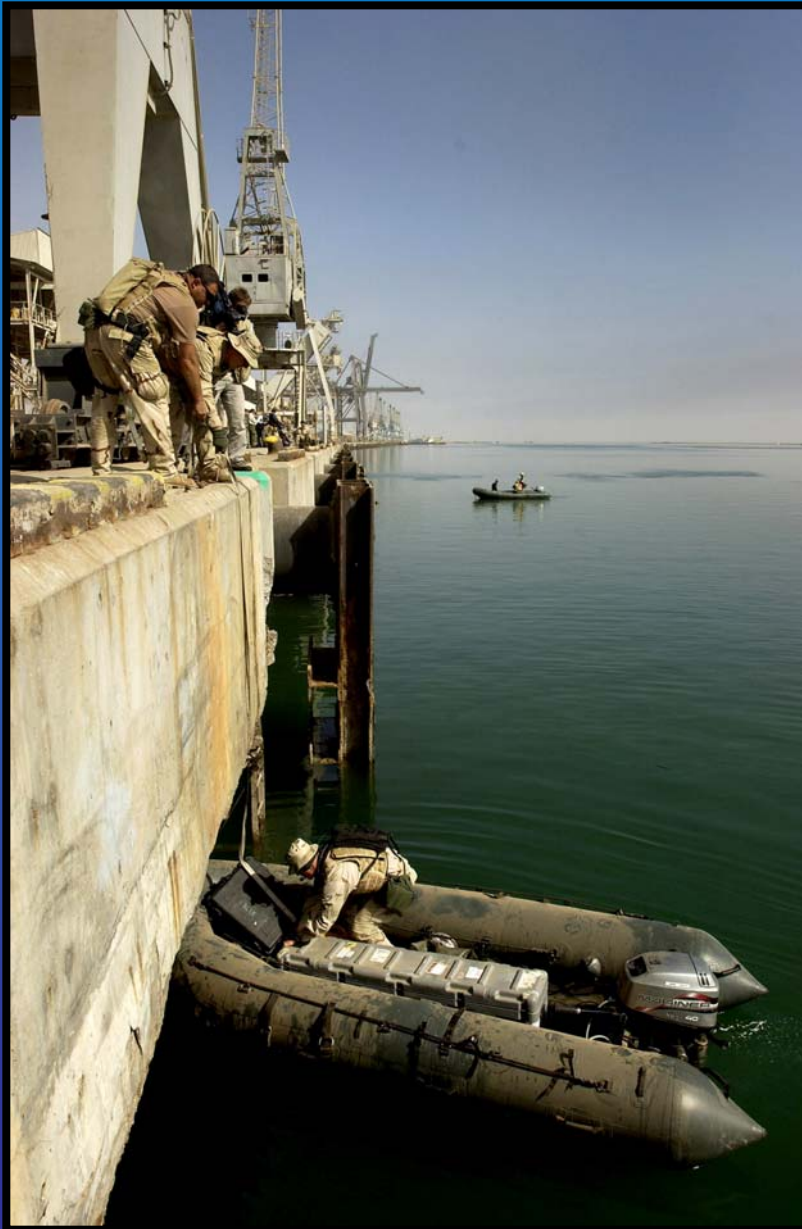
Roger Stokey

Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution

## Approach

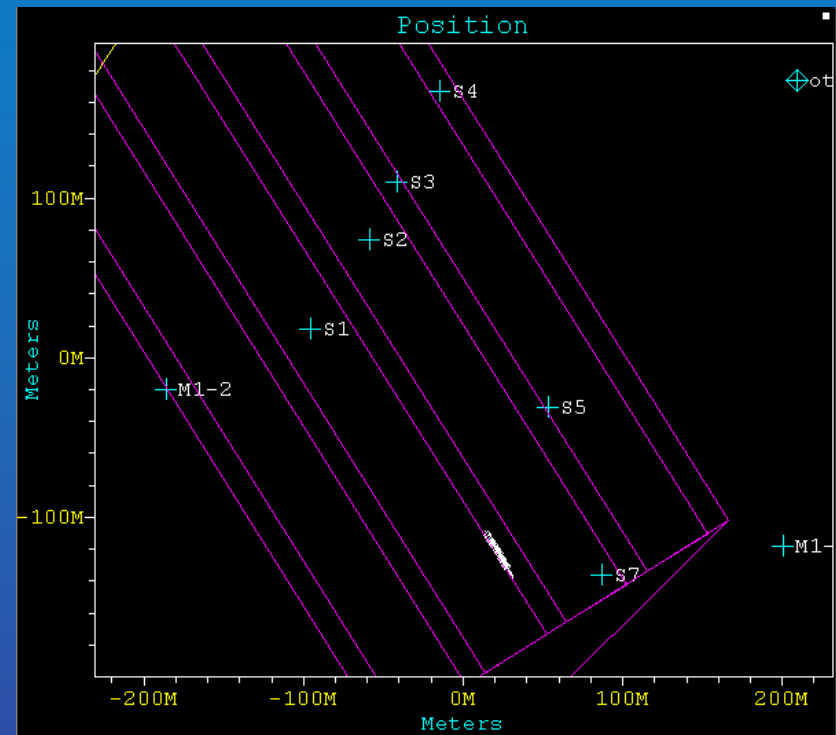
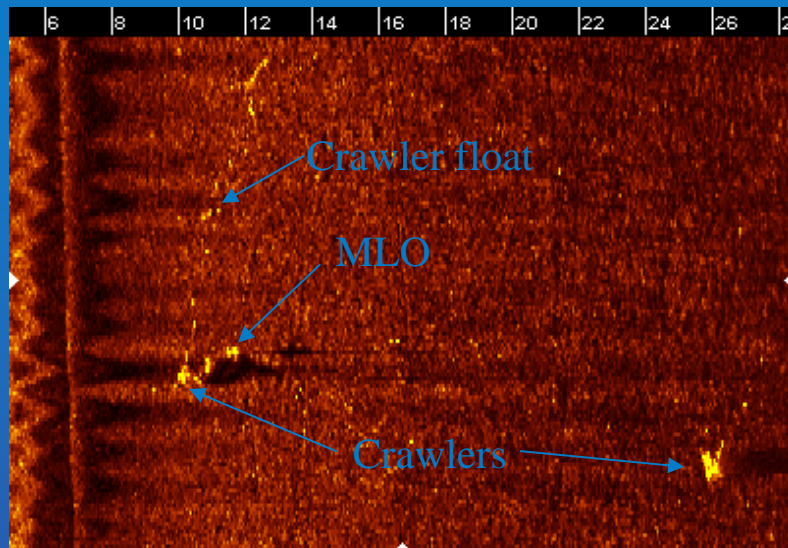
- Develop system so that it may be deployed from an SDV, ASDS, RHIB, CRRC
- Develop the capability to perform harbor penetrations with periscope camera
- Developed the capability to perform 6-8 missions per fueling – approximately 7 days of operation
- Develop field exchangeable battery packs that support refueling from SDV, CRRC, & AUV





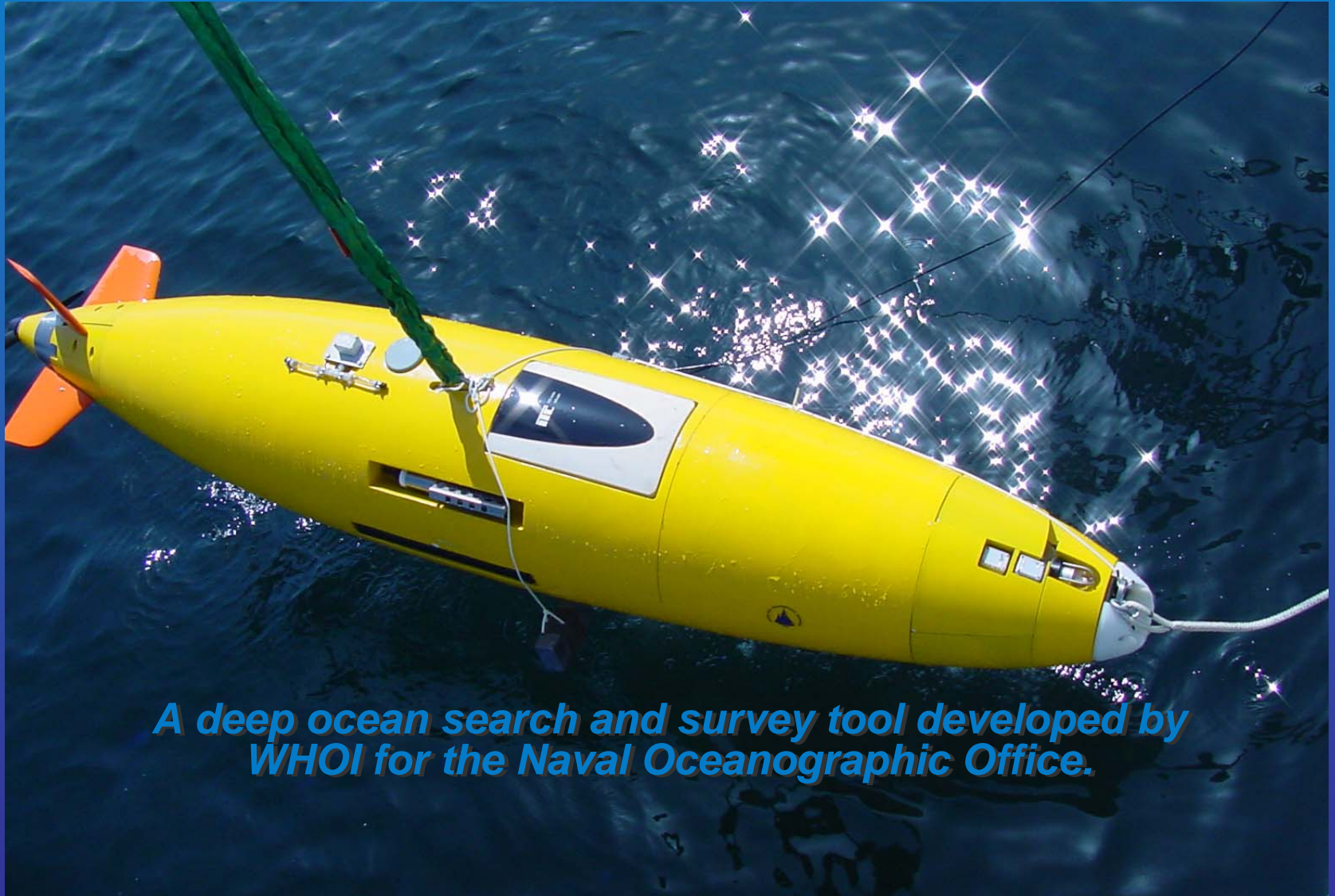
REMUS was used to search the Port of Um Qsar in preparation for the arrival of the Sir Galahad, a ship carrying humanitarian relief supplies.

# AUV 2003 Multiple Vehicle Operations



- Crawlers and multiple REMUS vehicles communicated without operator intervention
- One REMUS transmitted MLO locations; other assets acted on the information
- REMUS ESC vehicle self redirected over MLOs.

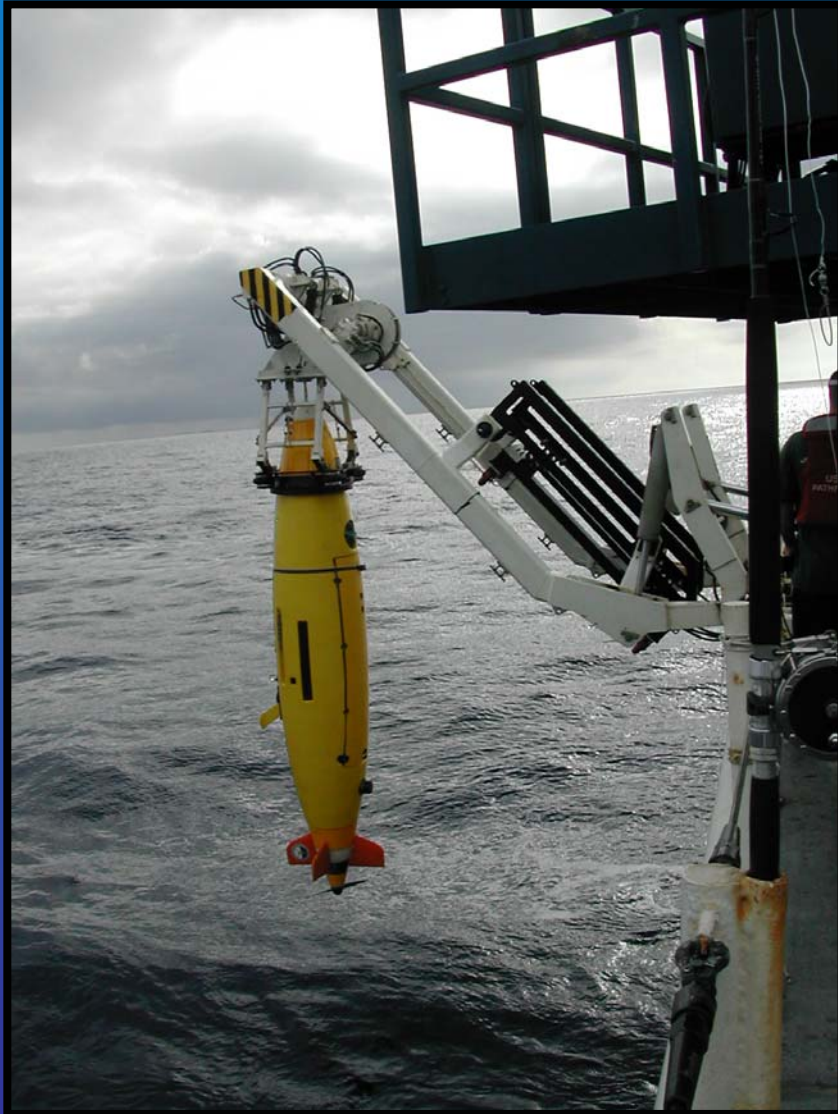
# REMUS-6000



*A deep ocean search and survey tool developed by  
WHOI for the Naval Oceanographic Office.*

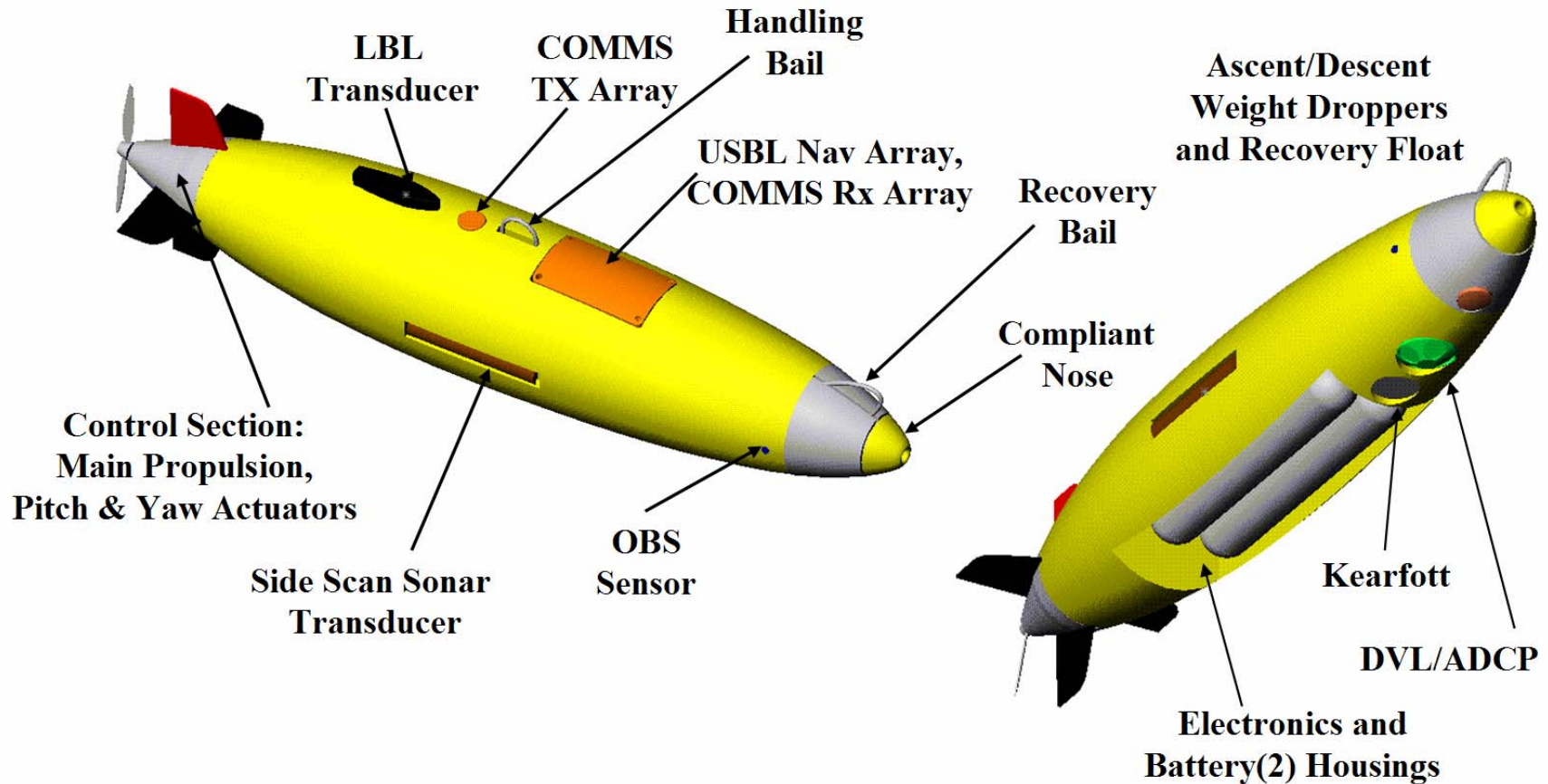


# REMUS-6000

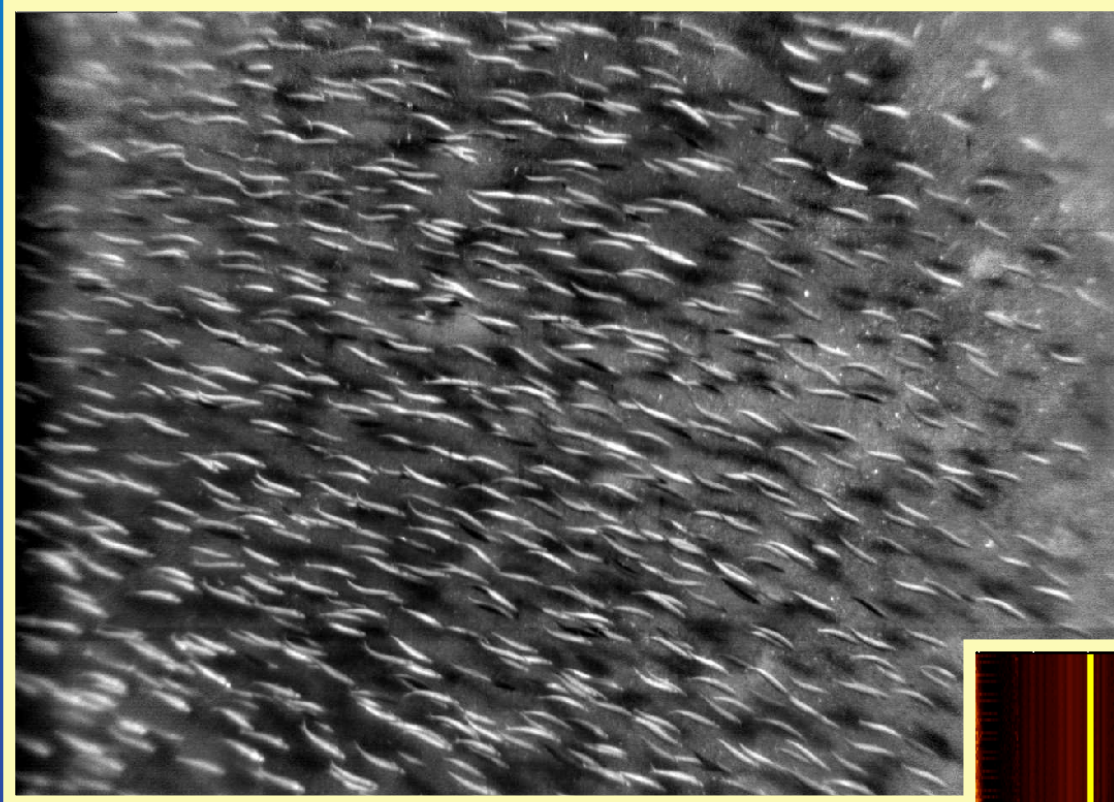


- Stand-alone self contained 6 km rated system
- Includes vehicle, operations van, launch and recovery and ship support systems
- Developed in cooperation with NAVOCEANO and ONR
- Productive 6-10 times current survey rates with towed vehicles
- Affordable -
- Multiple vehicle operations (Two vehicles simultaneously)

# REMUS-6000 Configuration

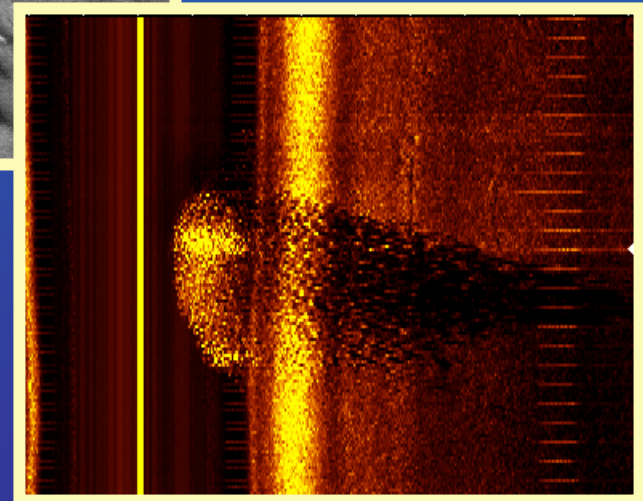


# Low Altitude Imaging (4 meters)



Electronic Still  
Image, with 200 W-S  
strobe illumination

900 kHz Side Scan

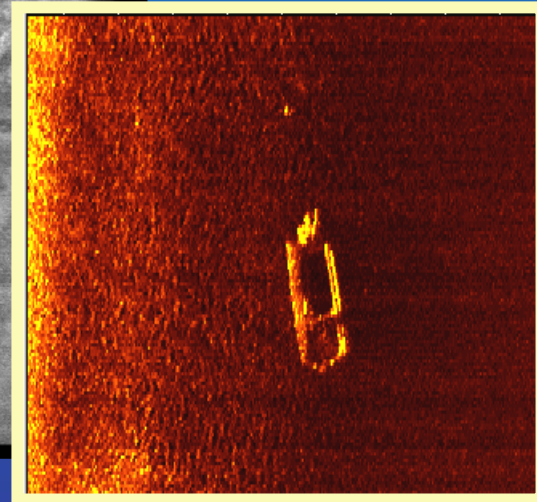




# Sunken boat discovered at 3,500 meters depth



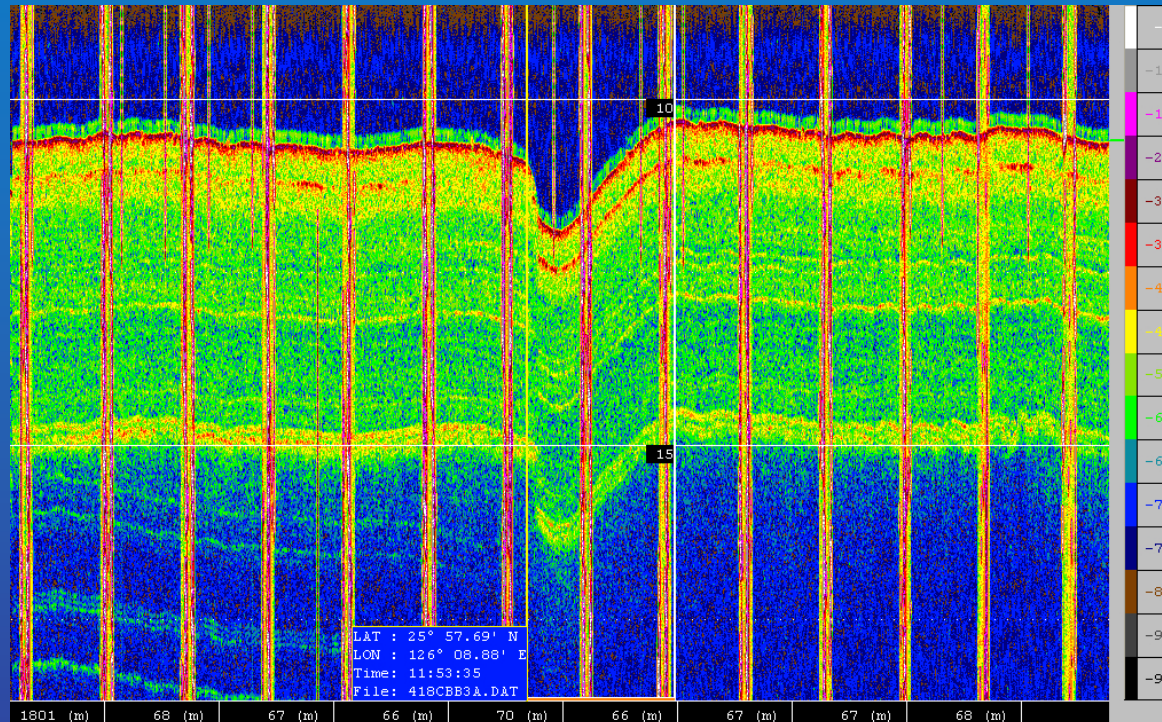
5 meter altitude electronic still image, with 200 W-S strobe illumination.



900 kHz, 30 meter range scale sonar image



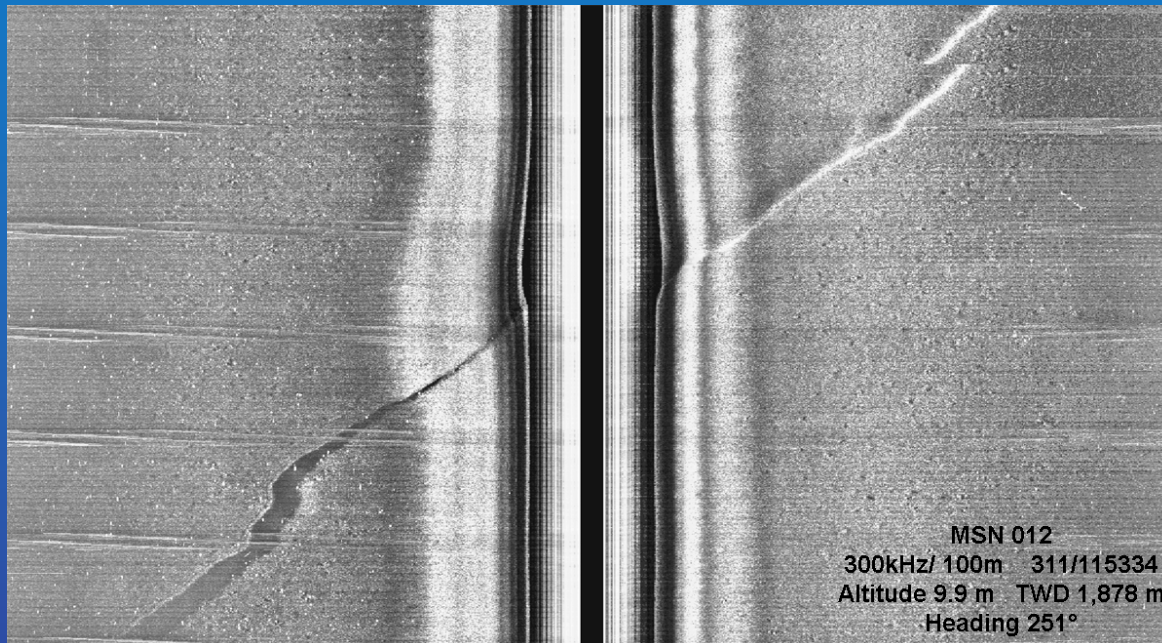
# Sub-bottom profiler



Parametric sonar  
developed by  
OMNI  
Technologies

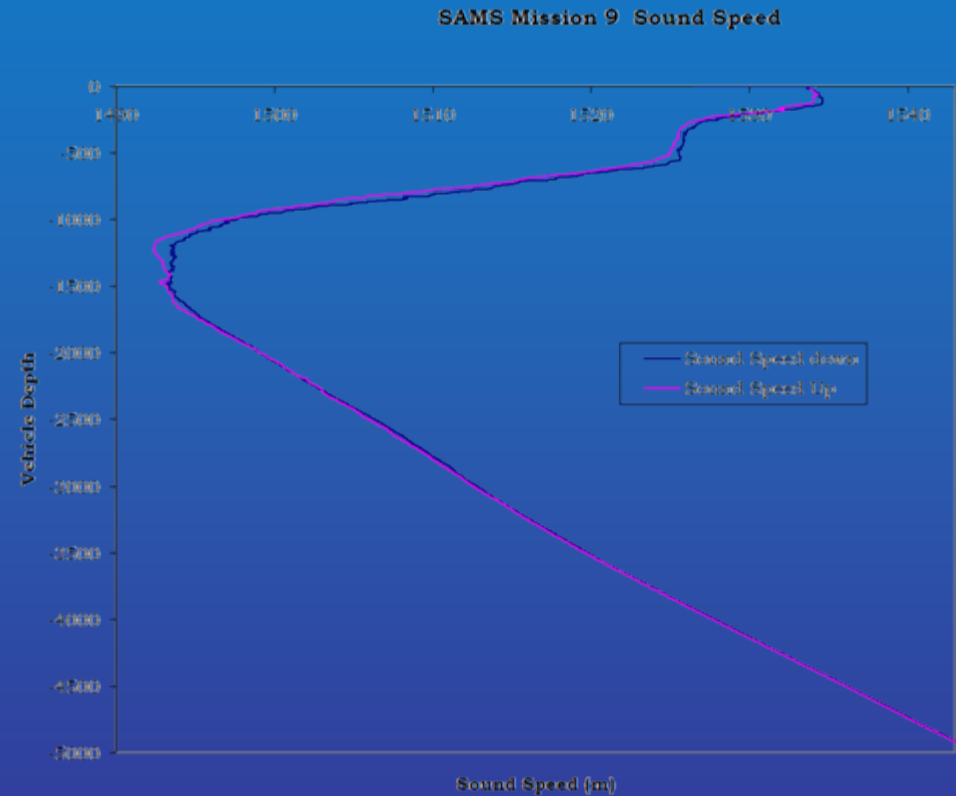
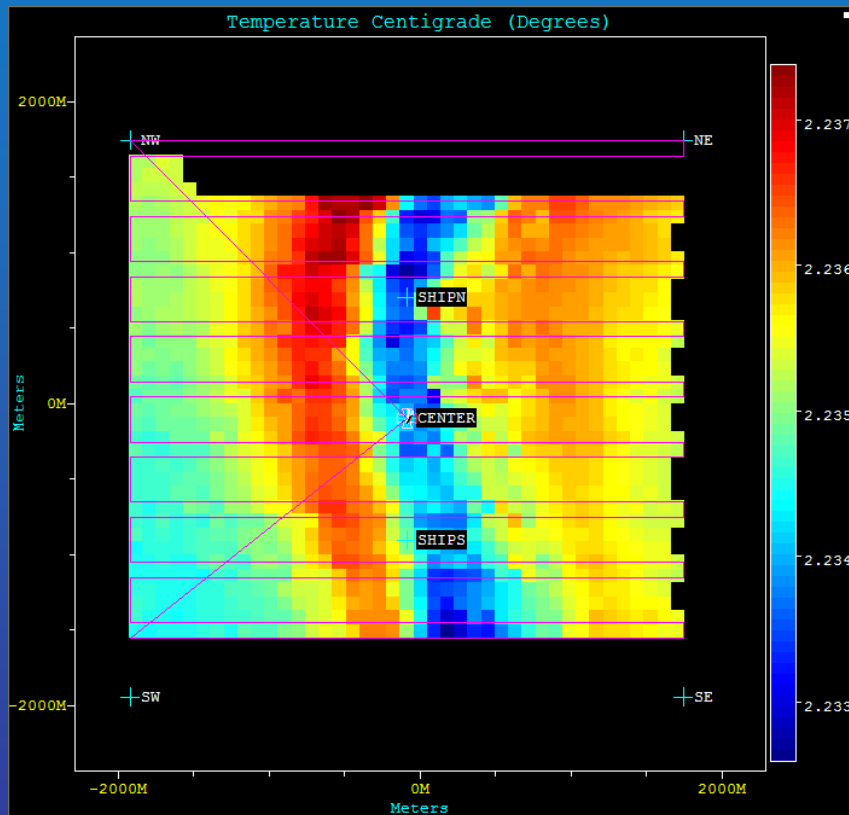
PFRS subbottom profile display crossing same fault feature. Vertical (altitude) and horizontal (distance along track) scales are shown in center and bottom of Image, respectively. The vertical red bars are the result of acoustic interference generated by the SAMS II acoustic modem.

# Fault line detected



SAMS II, MSN012, 300kHz Side Scan Image showing transit across fault.

# Temperature and Sound Speed Data





# REMUS-6000

## Launch and Recovery System





# REMUS-600 exists



# RF Systems



## GPS, Iridium, Wi-Fi



# Italy 06





# REMUS Development Team

