



Battery Information Sheet

Primary Li-SOCl₂ single cells and multi-cell battery packs

According to REACH regulation (EC 1907/2006, Art 31) and to OSHA regulation (29 CFR 1910.1200), batteries are **ARTICLES** with no intended release. As such, they are not covered by legal requirements to generate and supply an SDS or an MSDS.

This Battery Information Sheet is provided solely as information document for the purpose of assisting our customers.

1. IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product

Lithium-thionyl dichloride primary unit cells and multi-cell battery systems composed of these cells

1.2 Supplier

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Factory Address Phone/Fax	Saft Batteries Co., Ltd. Zhuhai Free Trade Zone, Lianfeng Road, ZHUHAI 519030, Guangdong Province – China +86 756 881 9318/+86 756 881 9328
Factory Address Phone/Fax	Tadiran Batteries Ltd. 34 Y. Rabin Avenue – KIRYAT EKRON 76950 - Israel +972 894 44374/+972 894 13066
Factory Address Phone/Fax	Tadiran Batteries GmbH Industriestrasse 22, D-63654 BÜDINGEN – Germany +49 (0)6 042 954 599/+49 (0)6 042 954 190

1.3 Emergency contact For chemical emergency **ONLY** (in case of spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident) call CHEMTREC at:
International: +1-703-527-3887 for English
Within the USA: +1-800-424-9300



2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

The Li-SOCl₂ batteries described in this Battery Information Sheet are sealed units which are not hazardous under normal operating conditions in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations, as stated in the user's manual or other similar documentation. Under normal use, the battery integrity is maintained and the active components it contains are isolated from the outside.

In particular, the battery should not be submitted to any mechanical (opening, puncture, immersion), thermal (burning, heating to temperatures above the normal temperature range of the product) or electrical abuse (short-circuit, recharge, forced discharge), which will lead to the activation of safety valves and/or the rupture of the battery container.

Any accidental release of the inner components of the cell, or their combustion products could be highly hazardous. Battery content exposition to air humidity/liquid water may be followed by severe battery vent/explosion/fire, depending on the hazard causes and circumstances.

Protection from charging:

Whenever lithium batteries are not the single power source in a circuit, the following measures recommended by Underwriters Laboratories are relevant. The cells should not be connected with an electrical power source that would increase the load through the cells. The electronic circuit shall include one of the following:

- A. Two suitable diodes or the equivalent in series with the cells to prevent any reverse (charging) current. The second diode is used to provide protection in the event that one would fail. Quality control, or equivalent procedures, shall be established by the device manufacturer to check that the diode polarity is correct for each unit.

or

- B. A blocking diode or the equivalent to prevent any reverse (charging) current and a resistor to limit current in case of diode failure. The resistor should be sized to limit the reverse (charging) current to the maximum value according to the data sheet of the cell.

3. COMPOSITION, INFORMATION OR INGREDIENTS

Each unit cell consists of a hermetically sealed metallic can containing a number of chemicals and materials of construction of which the following are potentially hazardous upon release to air.

<u>Component</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>EINECS/ELINCS</u>	<u>Content (wt. %)*</u>
Lithium metal	7439-93-2	231-102-5	2-6
Thionyl dichloride	7719-09-7	231-748-8	18-47
Aluminium chloride	7446-70-0	231-208-1	1-5
Gallium chloride	13450-90-3	236-610-0	0-2
Lithium chloride	7447-41-8	231-212-3	1-2
Carbon	1333-86-4	215-609-9	2-5
PTFE	9002-84-0	N/A	0-1
Stainless steel, Nickel and inert material	N/A	N/A	remainder

* Quantities may vary with cell model

4. HANDLING AND STORAGE

IMPORTANT NOTICE: Lithium-thionyle chloride batteries are not rechargeable and should not be tentatively charged or recharged. Manufacturer's recommendations should be followed regarding maximum current and operating temperature range. Applying pressure or deforming the battery may lead to disassembly and cause eye, skin and throat irritation.



STORAGE: Store in a cool, regulated (preferably below 21°C and in any case below 30°C), dry and ventilated area, away from possible sources of heat, open flames, food and drink. Avoid exposure to direct sunlight for long periods. Temperatures above 100°C (or higher for High Temperatures cells and batteries such as the LSH20-150 cell- refer to individual data sheets for maximum temperatures) may cause leakage and rupture, and result in shortened battery service life. Keep proper clearance space between batteries and walls. Since short circuit can cause burn hazard, leakage or explosion hazard, keep batteries in original packaging until use and do not mix them.

HANDLING:

- Do not open the battery system.
- Do not crush or pierce the cells.
- Do not short (+) or (-) terminal with conductors.
- Do not reverse the polarity.
- Do not submit to excessive mechanical stress.
- Do not mix batteries of different types or mix new and old ones together.
- Do not use the unit without its electronic management system.
- Do not expose the unit to water or condensation.
- Do not directly heat, solder or throw into fire. Such unsuitable use can cause leakage or spout vaporized electrolyte fumes and may cause fire or explosion.

5. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

The lithium-thionyl chloride cell or battery described by this Battery Information Sheet is a sealed unit when offered for sale. It is a manufactured “article” and does not expose the user to hazardous chemicals when used in accordance with manufacturer specifications.

Appearance – Cylindrical shape	
Odour – If leaking, gives off a pungent corrosive odour	
Flash point – Not applicable	Flammability – Not applicable
Boiling Point – Not applicable	Melting Point – Not applicable
Vapor Pressure – Not applicable	Vapor Density – Not applicable
pH – Not applicable	Specific Gravity – Not applicable
Solubility (in water) – Not applicable	Solubility (other) – Not applicable

6. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

The battery system is stable when handled and stored according to section 4.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Oxidizing agents, bases, water. Avoid electrolyte contact with aluminium or zinc.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Do not heat above 100°C (or higher (150°C) for High Temperatures cells and batteries such as the LSH20-150 cell- refer to individual data sheets for maximum temperatures) or incinerate. Do not disassemble, crush, pierce, short, charge or recharge. Avoid mechanical or electrical abuse.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Hydrogen (H₂) as well as lithium oxide (Li₂O) and lithium hydroxide (LiOH) dust are produced in case of reaction of lithium metal with water (hydrolysis).

Chlorine (Cl₂), sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and disulfur dichloride (S₂Cl₂) are produced in case of thermal decomposition of thionyl dichloride above 100°C. Hydrochloric acid (HCl) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂) are produced in case of reaction of thionyl dichloride with water at room temperature.



3091 LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT: Cells and batteries *contained in equipment or packed with it*

Shipping name: LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES
Hazard Classification: 9
Depending on their lithium metal content, some single cells and small multi-cell battery packs may be non-assigned to Class 9. Refer to Transport Certificate.
Packaging: Group II

10.2 International agreements

By Air International: IATA/ICAO: UN 3090 or UN3091
By Sea International: IMDG: UN 3090 or UN 3091
European road transportation: ADR
European rail transportation: RID

11. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Regulations specifically applicable to the product:

- ACGIH and OSHA: see exposure limits of the internal components of the battery in section 14.
- IATA/ICAO (air transportation): UN 3090 or UN 3091.
- IMDG (sea transportation) : UN 3090 or UN 3091.
- Transportation within the US-DOT, 49 Code of Federal Regulations
- UK regulatory references: Classified under CHIP.
- Battery Directive (2006/66/EC): see section 9

12. FIRST AID MEASURES (not anticipated under normal use)

12.1. Electrolyte contact

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Remove contaminated clothing and immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. In severe cases, get medical attention.

INHALATION: Contents of an opened cell may cause respiratory tract and mucus membrane irritation. Remove from exposure, rest and keep warm. Immediately inhale Cortisone spray. In severe cases, track medical surveillance for 48 hours.

INGESTION: Wash out mouth thoroughly with water and give plenty of water to drink. Get medical attention.

FURTHER TREATMENT: All cases of eye contamination, persistent skin irritation and casualties who have swallowed this substance or have breathed its vapours should be seen by a Doctor.

12.2. Lithium metal contact

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes, with open eyelids, and get medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Remove particles of lithium from skin as quick as possible. Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.



INHALATION/INGESTION: Contents of an opened cell may cause respiratory tract and mucus membrane irritation. Remove from exposure, rest and keep warm. Immediately inhale Cortisone spray. In severe cases, track medical surveillance for 48 hours.

13. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES **(not anticipated under normal use)**

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

- During a fire with lithium batteries, using large amounts of cold water or water-based foam has some cooling effect and is effective to prevent fire expansion as long as the extent of the fire has not progressed to the point that the lithium metal they contain is exposed (as marked by appearance of deep red flames). Do not use warm or hot water.
- Lith-X Class D extinguishers are effective on fires involving only a few lithium batteries.
- Do not use CO₂ or Halon-type extinguishers.
- Do not use sand, dry powder or soda ash, graphite powder or fire blankets.
- **Use only class D metal extinguishers on raw lithium metal.**

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

- Fire fighters should wear approved/certified positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Full protective clothing is necessary to prevent potential body contact with electrolyte solution.
- During water spraying, caution is advised as burning pieces of lithium may be ejected from the fire.
- It is permissible to use any class of extinguishing medium, specified above, on these batteries or their packing material. Cool exterior of batteries if exposed to fire to prevent rupture.
- If the cells or batteries are not located at the center of the fire, copious amounts of water may be supplied using a diffuser type nozzle so that the cells remain cool during the fire containment and extinction. A sprinkler system should be suitable for this purpose, the critical factor being that the lithium cells do not experience temperatures above the melting point of lithium (180°C).
- Small amounts of water should never be used such as the volumes contained within portable fire extinguishers. Standard dry powder extinguishers are ineffective. It should be kept in mind that a hazard of hydrogen formation exists whenever hot lithium metal comes into contact with water.

14. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION* **(not anticipated under normal use)**

	Respiratory protection	In all fire situations, use self-contained breathing apparatus
	Hand protection	In case of leakage wear protective gloves
	Eye protection	Safety glasses are mandatory during handling
	Other	In the event of leakage or ruptured cells, wear a rubber apron and protective clothes.

*AFNOR pictograms

Occupational exposure standard:

Compound	8 hour TWA	15 min TWA	SK
Sulfur Dioxide	1 ppm	1 ppm	-
Hydrogen chloride	1 ppm	5 ppm	-



15. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (not anticipated under normal use)

INDIVIDUAL PRECAUTIONS: Evacuate the employees from area until fumes dissipate. In case of electrolyte leakage from a cell or battery, do not inhale vapors or touch liquid with bare hands. In case of skin or eye contact, inhalation or ingestion, follow the measures described in section 12.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTION: Avoid sewage, surface water and underground water contamination. Avoid ground and atmosphere contamination.

WAYS OF CLEANING: With protective glasses and gloves, use absorbent material (sand, earth, chalk (CaCO_3) or lime (CaO) powder or Vermiculite) to absorb any exuded material. Seal leaking battery (unless hot) and contaminated absorbent material tight in plastic bag, and dispose of as hazardous waste in accordance with local regulations. Electrolyte traces may be wiped off dryly using household paper. Rinse with water afterwards.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This information has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable and is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date compiled. However, neither exhaustively nor perfect reliability can be granted. Information does not imply implicit or specific warranty of it.

This information relates to the specific products designated and may not be valid for such products used in combination with any other materials or in any process. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for his particular use.

Saft does not accept liability for any loss or damage that may occur, whether direct, indirect, incidental or consequential, from the use of this battery information sheet provided as a service to our customers. Saft does not offer warranty against patent infringement.

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