

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

		Y DATA SHEET		
tenance Free Lead	-Acid Batteries			
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1/5/2005	ISSUED BY	ENGINEERING	TELEPHONE NO.	(619) 661-2030
	HAZARDOUS (COMPONENTS		
WEIGHT %	TLV	LD50	LC50	LC50
COMPONENTS WEIGHT %		ORAL	INHALATION	CONTACT
about 70%	N/A	(500) mg/kg	N/A	N/A
about 20%	1mg/m ³	(2,140) mg/kg	N/A	N/A
about 5%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
about 5%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	PHYSICAL DA	TA		
DENSITY	MELTING POINTS	SOLLUBILITY (H ₂ O)	ODOR	APPEARANCE
11.34	327.4° C (Boiling)	None	None	Silver-Gray Metal
6.2	1070° C (Boiling)	40 mg/l(15° C)	None	White Powder
9.4	290° C (Boiling)	None	None	Brown Powder
about 1.3	about 114° C (Boiling)	100%	Acidic	Clear Colorless Liqui
N/A	N/A	Slight	Toxic	White Fibrous Glass
N/A	N/A	None	No Odor	Solid
•	FLAMMABILI	TY DATA		
FLASHPOINT	EXPLOSIVE LIMIT	COMMENTS		
None	None			
None	None			
	4% - 72.4%	Sealed batteries can emit hydrogen if over charged (float voltage > 2.40 VPC).		
N/A	N/A	Toxic vapors may be released. In case of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.		
None	N/A	Temp. over 300° C (572° F) may release combustible gases. In cas of fire: wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.		
•	FIRST A	AID		
	SULFURIC ACID P	RECAUTIONS		
Skin Contact: Flush with water, see physician if contact area is large or if blisters form.				
Call physician immediately and flush with water until physician arrives.				
Ingestion: Call physician. If patient is conscious, flush mouth with water, have patient drink milk or sodium bicarbonate solution.				
	1/5/2005 WEIGHT % about 70% about 20% about 5% DENSITY 11.34 6.2 9.4 about 1.3 N/A N/A FLASHPOINT None None None Flush with wate Call physician i Call physician.	WEIGHT % TLV about 70% N/A about 20% Img/m³ about 5% N/A PHYSICAL DA DENSITY MELTING POINTS 11.34 327.4° C (Boiling) 6.2 1070° C (Boiling) 9.4 290° C (Boiling) about 1.3 about 114° C (Boiling) N/A N/A N/A N/A FLAMMABILI' FLASHPOINT EXPLOSIVE LIMIT None None None None None None None THANA N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	1/5/2005 ISSUED BY ENGINEERING	1/5/2005

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REACTIVITY DATA

COMPONENT	Sulfuric Acid	
STABILITY	Stable at all temperatures	
COLYMERIZATION	Will not polymerize	
INCOMPATIBILITY	Reactive metals, strong bases, most organic compounds	
DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS	Sulfuric dioxide, trioxide, hydrogen sulfide, hydrogen	
CONDITIONS TO AVOID	Prohibit smoking, sparks, etc. from battery charging area. Avoid mixing acid with other chemicals	

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Steps to take in case of leak or spill:	If sulfuric acid is spilled from a battery, neutrilize acid with bicarbonate (baking soda), sodium carbon (soda ash), or calcium oxide (lime). Flush area with water and discard to the sewage system. Do not allow unneutralized acid into sewage system.
Waste disposal method:	Neutrilized acid may be flushed down the sewer. Spent batteries must be treated as hazardous waste and disposed of according to local, state, and federal guidelines. A copy of this MSDS must be supplied to any scrap dealer or secondary lead smelter with battery.

PROTECTION

EXPOSURE SITE	PROTECTION	COMMENTS	
SKIN	Rubber gloves, Apron	Protective equipment must be worn if the battery is cracked or	
RESPIRATORY		otherwise damaged. A respirator should be worn during reclaim	
EYES	Safety goggles, Face Shield	operations if the TLV is exceeded.	

ELECTRICAL SAFETY

Due to the battery's low internal resistance and high power density, high levels of short circuit current can be developed across the battery terminals. Do not rest tools or cables on the battery. Use insulated tools only. Follow all installation instructions and diagrams when installing or maintaining battery systems.

HEALTH HAZARD DATA

LEAD: The toxic effects of lead are accumulative and slow to appear. It affects the kidneys, reproductive, and central nervous systems. The symptoms of lead overexposure are anemia, vomiting, headache, stomach pain (lead colic), dizziness, loss of appetite, and muscle and joint pain. Exposure to lead from a battery most oftern occurs during lead reclaim operations through the breathing or ingestion of lead dust or fumes.

SULFURIC ACID: Sulfuric acid is a strong corrosive. Contact with acid can casue severe burns on the skin and in eyes. Ingestion of sulfuric acid will cause GI tract burns. Acid can be released if the battery case is damaged or if vents are tampered with.

FIBERGLASS SEPARATOR: Fibrour glass is an irritant of the upper repiratory tract, skin and eyes. For exposure up to 10F/CC use MSA Comfoll with type H filter. Above 10F/CC up to 50F/CC use Ultra-Twin with type H filter. This product is not considered carcinogenic by NTP or OSHA.

ALL DATA MUST BE PASSED TO ANY SCRAP DEALER OR SMELTER WHEN BATTERY IS RESOLD.